

#### **Investor Presentation**

B. Riley & Co. 17th Annual Investor Conference

May 25, 2016

### Safe Harbor Statement



Certain statements in this presentation, as well as certain oral statements made by management during the presentation, constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements include, without limitation, statements expressed or implied regarding our plans and milestones, plans to fund our current activities, statements concerning our strategic relationships and activities, strategy, future operations and expansion, future financial position, future sales and revenues, projected costs, and market penetration. In some cases, forward-looking statements can be identified by terminology such as "may, "will", "should", "expects", "plans", "anticipates", "believes", "estimates", "predicts", "potential", "continue", "intends", "could", or negative of such terms or other comparable terminology. These statements are based on our current expectations and assumptions and are not guarantees of future performance. You should not place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements, which are subject to a multitude of known and unknown risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results, future circumstance or events to differ materially from those stated in or implied by the forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the ability of our licensees to produce, market and sell quality products bearing our brand names, continued market acceptance of our brands and any future brands we acquire, our ability to service our significant debt obligations, our ability to raise capital for any future acquisitions, concentration of a substantial portion of our licensing revenue from a limited number licensees, our dependence on QVC, restrictions in our agreements with QVC and other licensees on our ability to sell products with certain retailers, our dependence on promotional services of our spokesperson, limitations on our ownership of the H Halston brands, impacts on our H Halston brands resulting from the operations of the related Halston brands by their owner, our ability to manage expected future growth, our ability to identify and acquire additional trademarks, competition for licensees, competition in our licensee's markets, our ability to protect our intellectual property, our dependence on our CEO and other key executive officers, the success of our e-commerce strategy and other risks and uncertainties detailed from time to time in our public disclosure documents or other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Additional risks and uncertainties relating to us and our business can be found in the "Risk Factors" section of our latest annual report on Form 10-K as well as in our other public filings. The forward- looking statements are made as of the date hereof, and we disclaim any intention and have no obligation or responsibility, except as required by law, to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

# Agenda



- INDUSTRY UPDATE
- COMPANY OVERVIEW

Working Capital Light, Owned Dynamic Brands, Virtual Vertical, Highly Scalable, Strong Growth

> OUR BRANDS

Dynamic Brands, Omni-Channel Distribution

HISTORICAL PERFORMANCE

Consistent Growth of Revenues and Earnings, Strong Balance Sheet

FUTURE GROWTH OPPORTUNITIES

**Organic and Acquisitions** 

## The Retail Industry is Being Disrupted





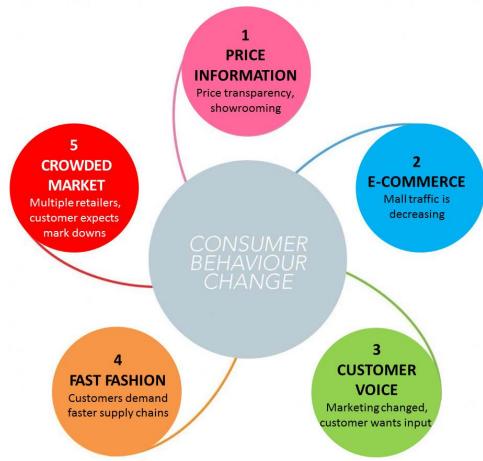
- Disruptive forces are impacting all sectors
- The Way People Shop Will Continue to Change
- Companies Must Move Toward Where Things Are Going
- Sales and Follower Satisfaction Are Achieved Through responsive delivery of great Products



# Disruptive Forces Effecting our Industry



The way customers shop is rapidly changing, primarily caused by the following five disruptive forces:



### Xcel Brands - Innovation for the Retail Industry



Xcel Brands Inc. (NASDAQ:XELB) is a media and brand management platform company that owns, licenses, designs, manages production of products, generates media content and markets a portfolio of dynamic consumer brands that engage our customers and followers



### Mission, Vision & Core Values



#### THE VISION

To re-imagine shopping, entertainment and social as one

### THE MISSION

To design and produce the best products for our followers and partners



#### **CORE VALUES**

Be open and honest
Listen to our followers
Collaborate fairly to win
Grow through the twosecond advantage
Foster the team

## Strategy



Xcel's strategy is to monetize the convergence of shopping, entertainment and social

We accomplish this through four key tactics:

- We own and license dynamic brands featuring designers and creative directors who have significant media presence
- We develop captivating media content and engage in conversations with customers
- We design products through a quick-time response (QTR) (short lead production) model that reacts to both qualitative and quantitative customer feedback. We act as a virtual vertical for our retail partners without taking inventory risk.
- We collaborate with media companies QVC, The Shopping Channel, and DreamWorks (Awesomeness TV) collectively reaching 350 million households, 100 million social media followers and 1 billion YouTube views per month.





# Highly Differentiated Business Model



TRADITIONAL WHOLESALE LICENSED BRANDS TRADITIONAL WHOLESALE OWNED BRANDS

**FAST-FASHION** 

	DIVANDO	DIVANDO	1 AOT-1 AOTHON	1 1			
	GLOBAL BRANDS GROUP  KELLWOOD COMPANY	kate spade NEW YORK  Calvin Klein Tommy = Hilfiger	#M ZARA FOREVER 21	X C E L B R A N D S			
Inventory Position	•	•	•	-			
Inventory Turnover	•	•	•	<del>-</del>			
Supply Chain Management	•	•	•	•			
Responsiveness / Lead Time	Long Lead	Long Lead	Fast	Fast			
Design	•	•	•	•			
Distribution Channels	Retail, E-Comm	Retail, E-Comm	Retail, E-Comm	Omni (All)			
Media Content	Print / Social	Print/ Social	Print / Social	Print / Social / TV			
Organic Growth	•	•	•	•			

### **Omni-Channel Distribution**





#### Interactive Television

- > QVC, Inc.
- The Shopping Channel (Canada)
- CJo Shopping (Korea)



#### Wholesale

- Hudson Bay Company
- Lord & Taylor
- Better Dept Stores



- Michael's1800 Flowers
- Hewlett Packard
- Best Buy
- Johnson & Johnson

### **Our Brands**





Interactive Television

























































### **Interactive Television**









ISAAC MIZRAHI LIVE

H BY HALSTON

C. WONDER

JUDITH RIPKA









IMNYC ISAAC MIZRAHI



H HALSTON



HIGHLINE COLLECTIVE



JUDITH RIPKA LTD



C. WONDER LIMITED











**MICHAELS** 

**JOHNSON & JOHNSON** 

HEWLETT PACKARD(1)







**KLEENEX** 



1800 FLOWERS

### Best In Class Retail Partners



Our brands are distributed through an Omni-Channel Sales strategy through best-in-class retail partners across Direct-Response Television, Bricks-and-Mortar, and Digital channels including:





















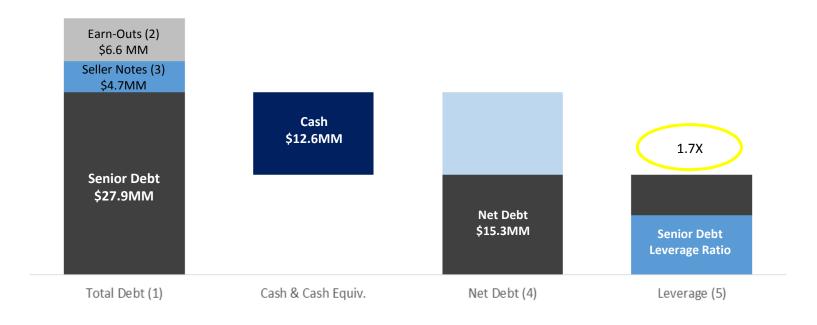
### Retail Sales and EBITDA Scorecard





## **Strong Balance Sheet**

As of March 31, 2016, Xcel had \$12.6MM of cash against \$27.9MM of Senior Debt, which results in Net Debt<sup>(4)</sup> of \$15.3MM.



- (1) Total Debt is based on Senior Term Debt with Bank Hapoalim, Seller Note and Contingent Obligations. It does not include the unamortized discount of deferred finance costs related to the senior term debt of \$0.56MM.
- (2) Earn-Outs based upon achieving certain targets as disclosed in the Company's latest financial filings, payable in cash or stock at the Company's option.
- (3) Seller Notes are payable in cash or stock at the Company's option.
- (4) Net Debt is calculated as Senior Debt less Cash and Cash Equivalents.
- (5) Based upon Net Debt divided by Adjusted EBITDA for the trailing 12 months ended March 31, 2016.

### Organic Growth Opportunities



_	<b></b>

#### **Built-In Growth**

#### **Category Growth**

#### **Geographic Growth**

- H by Halston Full Year of performance in 2016
- C. Wonder Launched Spring 2016
- Additional categories to launch in 2016 including Beauty,
   Home, and additional
   Accessories categories
- Launched brands on QVC in UK, Italy, Germany, France, and Japan in 2014/2015
- Launched Isaac Mizrahi on Cjo in Korea in 2015
- Expected opportunities in China and other countries



- IMNYC, H Halston, C.
   Wonder and Highline
   Collective On track to launch in Spring/Fall 2016
- New licenses for Footwear, Handbags, and other Accessories to launch at department stores
- Mens' collections in development
- Continued expansion of licenses in ancillary categories
- Ability to expand domestically to Dillard's, Bloomingdale's, Nordstrom, Macy's and Belk
- Opportunity to expand to Galleria Kaufoff in Germany (HBC owned)
- Department stores in other countries (Liverpool, El Corte, and others)



- Expansion of our Michaels and 1800 Flowers partnerships
- New specialty opportunities including for Home Improvement, Crafts, Fabrics, Smart Technology, and others.
- Opportunities with specialty retailers in Canada, Mexico, and globally

# Acquisition Strategy and Brand Development



Xcel is seeking to acquire brands that are:

- ✓ Strategic
- ✓ Synergistic
- ✓ Accretive



# Summary



- Xcel Brands is built to develop innovative solutions to address the changes in our industry.
- Xcel's "Virtual Vertical" business model is working capital light but its design, sourcing, and marketing infrastructure provides a highly scalable platform for strong organic growth.
- We own dynamic, iconic brands that engage customers through media and an Omni-Channel sales strategy.
- We have a strong track record of growth in both revenues and net income, and a strong and stable balance sheet.
- ➤ We are well-positioned to continue to grow through built-in growth from launches of brands that have been acquired and/or developed in 2015 AND 2016, organic growth of our existing brands, and acquisitions of new brands in the future.



### Exhibit I



### Reconciliation of Net Income (loss) to Adjusted EBITDA

			Exhil	bit I					
Recor	ciliation	n of Net In	com	e (Loss	) to Adju	isted	EBITDA		
	Quarter Ended March				Year End	12 months			
(amounts in thousands)		2016		20	015		12/31/2015	ended 3/31/16	
Net loss	\$	(45)		\$	(331)		2,574	2,860	
Depreciation and amortization		426			262		1,379	1,543	
Interest and finance expense		357			351		1,389	1,395	
Non-cash interest expense from discounted debt related to asset acquisitions		78			160		415	333	
Income tax benefit		(51)			(106)		156	211	
State and local franchise taxes		25			29		108	104	
Stock-based compensation		1,212			1,013		4,640	4,839	
Loss on extinguishment of debt		-			611		1,371	760	
Gain on reduction of contingent obligations		-			-		(3,000)	(3,000)	
Loss from discontinued operations, net		-			213		272	59	
Other non-cash adjustments		-			1		-	(1)	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	2,002		\$	2,203		9,304	9,103	
Aujusteu EDITDA	Þ	2,002		Ş	2,203		9,304	9,103	

Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP unaudited term, which we define as net income (loss), exclusive of stock-based compensation, interest and finance expense, loss on extinguishment of debt, gain on reduction of contingent obligations, other non-cash adjustments, loss from discontinued operations, net, depreciation and amortization, income taxes and other state and local franchise taxes.

Management uses EBITDA as measures of operating performance to assist in comparing performance from period to period on a consistent basis and to identify business trends relating to the Company's results of operations. Management believes this financial performance measurement is also useful because it provides supplemental information to assist investors in evaluating the Company's financial results. This measure should not be considered in isolation or as alternatives to net income (loss) or any other measure of financial performance calculated and presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Given that Adjusted EBITDA is not deemed to be in accordance with U.S. GAAP and is susceptible to varying calculations, our Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies, including companies in our industry, because other companies may calculate Adjusted EBITDA in a different manner than we calculate Adjusted EBITDA. In evaluating Adjusted EBITDA, you should be aware that in the future we may or may not incur expenses similar to some of the adjustments in this presentation. Our presentation of Adjusted EBITDA does not imply that our future results will be unaffected by these expenses or any unusual or non-recurring items. When evaluating our performance, you should consider Adjusted EBITDA alongside other financial performance measures, including our net income (loss) and other U.S. GAAP measurements.